Planning for Environmental Health and Safety Issues in Schools

Do you know where your chemicals are?



Why Be Concerned About Chemical Management?

- Health hazards: immediate & long-term
- Safety hazards: stability of shelves, storage methods and incompatibility
- Environmental harm: groundwater, discharges to streams/rivers, air pollution
- Hidden costs/liabilities: lawsuits, fines, paperwork/fees, insurance premiums, etc



Where Are the Chemicals?

- Maintenance Areas
- Vocational Shops
- Science Laboratories
- Art Classrooms
- Storage Closets

In other words, they are found **throughout** the school.

Examples Poor Management Practices

- Water reactives near/under sink
- Heavy containers on high shelves
- Corrosives on (corroded) metal shelves
- Flammables stored on wood
- Alphabetical storage (incompatible?)
- Unlabeled/"mystery" contents
- Chemicals next to food



Incompatible Chemical Storage





Over Purchasing and Underestimating Hazards





Poor Choice of Chemicals (high flammability material)





Metal Shelving Deterioration





Excess Chemicals in Storage



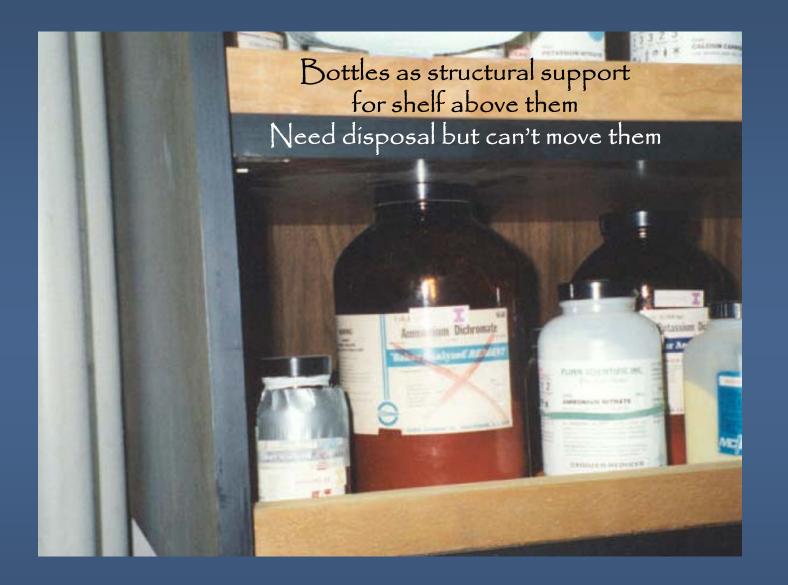


Inappropriate Storage



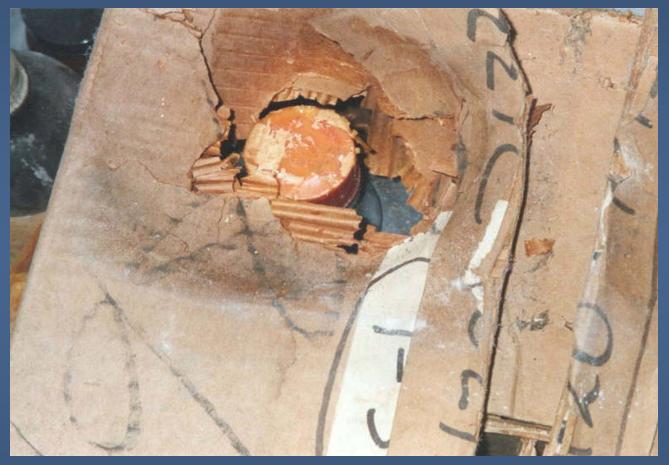
No Security: Easy Access to All







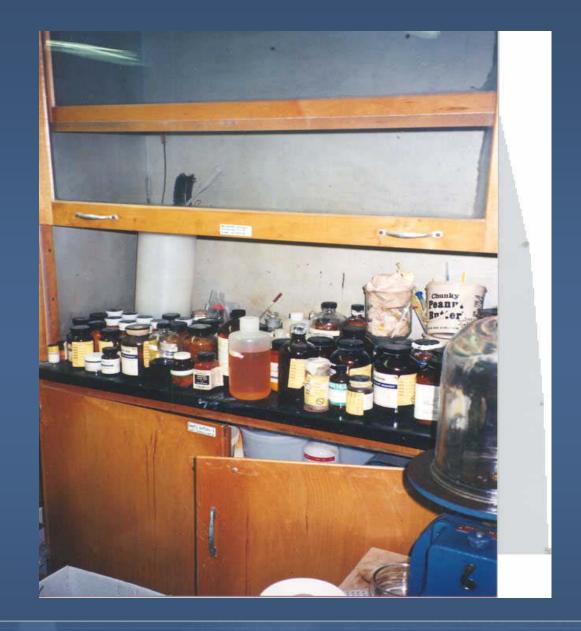
Unintended Chemical Reaction



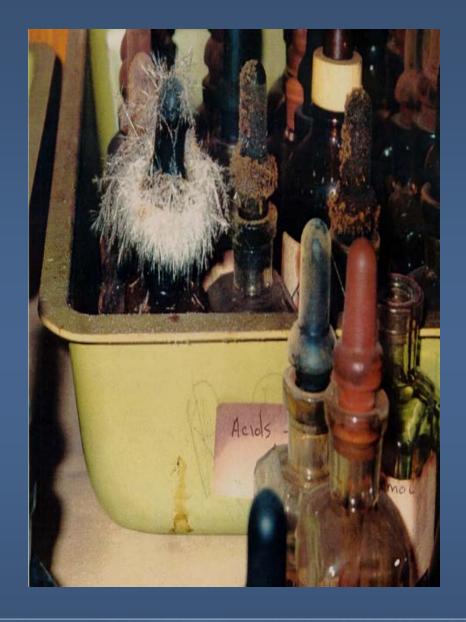
Imminent Risk Nitric Acid + Cyanide



Dysfunctional Fume Hood



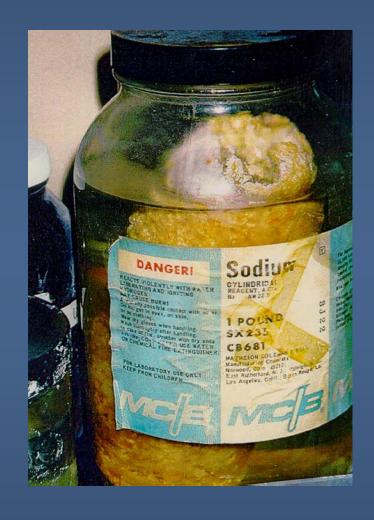
Nitric "Gnome"







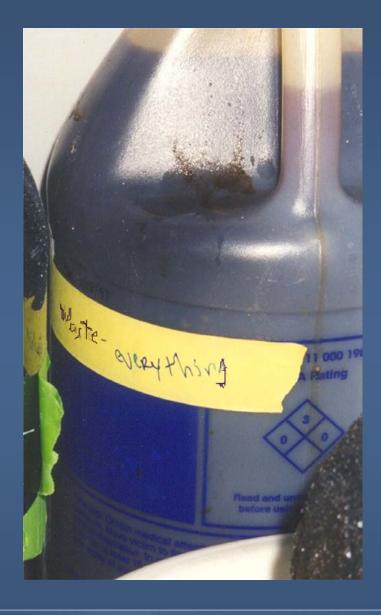
Improper Storage of Water Reactive

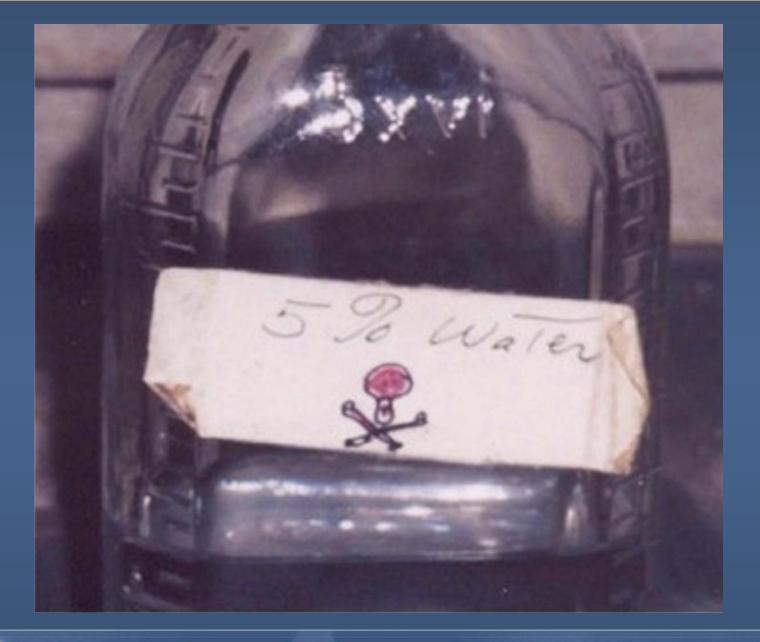


At least we know it's organic...



What IS it????







Why Do I Need to Plan for Chemical Management?

- Chemical emergencies in schools are continually occurring across the nation.
 Children and staff are at risk.
- Cleaning up chemical spills more costly than removing the chemicals from schools and implementing preventive measures.



Schools Chemical Cleanout Campaign (SC3)

- Remove outdated, unknown, excessive, or unnecessarily hazardous chemicals from secondary schools;
- Prevent future stockpiles and reduce accidents by establishing prevention activities such as good purchasing and management practices;
- Raise national awareness of the problem.



Costs and Benefits of Such a Program

- Cleaning up <u>after</u> an incident is costly:
 - Cleanup can cost over a million dollars, cause closure of schools, and relocation of students.
- Cleanout and prevention programs are good investments:
 - Cleanout costs average \$5,000 per school, but can be \$30,000 or more if radioactive or explosive chemicals are involved.
 - Prevention programs can eliminate potential incidents.



Case Study

This case study illustrates how the clean up of one very minor mercury spill cost more than a planned cleanout of mercury at 81 sites.

Proactive

- In "Rehab the Lab" program, 81 sites had either bulk mercury liquid, mercury thermometers, or more both.
- Total cost for packaging, transport and disposal of the mercury for all 81 sites was \$24,300.

Reactive

- Small amount of mercury spilled on a carpet.
- Costs
 - Bad publicity
 - Virtual paralysis of the facilities maintenance program for a couple weeks
 - Potential exposure
 - One site cost over \$30,000 for disposal



What Can You Do? Short Term Actions

- Learn about chemical hazards
- Learn about requirements at various levels
 - Federal (e.g. OSHA HazCom, Chem RTK)
 - State
 - Local (e.g. building or fire code)
 - District



Short Term Actions

- Build awareness in
 - Administration
 - Business Officials
 - Purchasing
 - Facilities / Maintenance
- Elements to build awareness of
 - Issue is important
 - It needs attention
 - It needs funding



Short Term Actions

- Work with professionals to identify hazards
- Get rid of the Accumulations
 - Inventory
 - Remove chemicals
 - Hazardous
 - Outdated
 - No longer needed



Short Term Actions

- For inventory remaining
 - Obtain and Maintain Material Safety Data
 Sheets
 - Keep 1 set in lab
 - Keep 1 set in office

Longer Term Goals

- Develop a chemical management system
 - Purchase
 - Storage, including labeling
 - Use, including labeling
 - Disposal
 - Emergency Planning spills, explosions, accidents

Longer Term Goals

- Use safer chemicals in smaller quantities
 - Order min quantities, consistent with use
 - Try to keep only 1 year's worth stock
- Develop policies that specify what chemicals can enter the system and how they will be handled throughout their lifecycle.
- Order "safer" alternatives, packaging, dilutions, kits
 - Green chemistry
 - Microscale approaches (e.g. spot plates instead of test tubes)



Longer Term Goals

 Develop and maintain chemical hygiene plan for chemicals

 Regularly budget for removals (cradle to grave)

 Develop partnerships with others in your community.



Schools and Community Partners Working Together

Chemical Suppliers

- Provide technical assistance
- Provide chemical management services

Waste Handlers

- Offer cost-effective waste analysis and handling solutions
- Fire, Police, and Emergency Response
 - Learn about chemical risks in schools
 - Assist schools in developing emergency response plans
 - Establish effective communication

Colleges and Universities

- Help schools assess chemical cleanout, management and disposal issues
- Offer courses and training in EHS for teachers and school district employees
- Environment, Health, and Education Agencies
 - Fund school chemical cleanout and prevention programs
 - Provide technical assistance to schools in conducting chemical inventories and cleanouts



Schools Face Many Environmental Health and Safety Issues

- Poor IAQ
- Pests/Pesticide Use
- Mold
- Diesel Bus Fumes
- Funding





Chemical Hazards





Mold

Diesel







Lead Paint





Why Plan for Environmental Risks

Schools understand intuitively and by experience:

- Direct impacts on children's health
- Reduced student/staff performance
- Higher energy costs
- Loss of funding tied to attendance
- Possible school closings—both temporary and permanent
- Increased liability

Selling prevention still a challenge, but... Evidence is emerging that school facility conditions do impact student and staff health, productivity, and performance.



HealthySEAT Can Help School Systems:

- Identify and address potential environmental, health and safety problems before they arise
- Track conditions and improvements– school by school
- Produce compelling data on facility conditions and needed improvements
- Access EPA recommendations and requirements quickly and efficiently



Overview

- Completely voluntary self-audit software tool
 - No EPA reporting requirements
- Integrates every EPA issue for schools across 14 separate program offices
 - Also includes safety and health info. from DoED, CDC, OSHA, NIOSH, CPSC, DOT
- Fully customizable
 - Adapts to fit state and district requirements, policies, priorities, & capabilities
- User audience: district-level health, safety, risk, &/or facility managers
 - Intended to manage information about multiple facilities
- Developed in close collaboration with states and school districts



What Topics Are Covered?

- Chemical management
- Energy efficiency
- Hazardous materials
- Hazardous waste
- Indoor air quality
- Moisture/mold
- Non-hazardous waste
- Outdoor air pollution
- Pest control/Integrated
 Pest Management

- Portable/relocatable classrooms
- Renovation and construction
- Ultra-violet radiation
- Water (drinking-, waste-, storm-, and -efficiency)
- Health, Safety and Injury Prevention Elements



Start Planning

- Download the software
 - www.epa.gov/schools
- Talk to your State or School District about customizing the program.
- For more information contact:
 - Bob Axelrad (axelrad.bob@epa.gov)
 - Bill Jones (jones.bill@epa.gov)

In Summary

- Consider Environmental Health and Safety Issues when "multi-hazard" planning.
- Take action to prevent emergencies before they happen.
- Know what to do if an incident occurs.
- A healthy school environment improves the learning environment.
- Build a team to meet your goals.

